JCR SCI

Introducing the "Journal of Contradicting Results in Science"

Cock I.E.^{ab*}

Editor-In-Chief, Pharmacognosy Communications

^aEnvironmental Futures Centre, Nathan Campus, Griffith University, 170 Kessels Rd, Nathan, Brisbane, Queensland 4111, Australia. ^bBiomolecular and Physical Sciences, Nathan Campus, Griffith University, 170 Kessels Rd, Nathan, Brisbane, Queensland 4111, Australia.

It has often been said that knowledge builds on knowledge. Sir Isaac Newton is credited with stating that "If I have seen a little further it is by standing on the shoulders of giants". Scientific research proceeds more rapidly and successfully as our knowledge base increases. Often a major breakthrough is due to the culmination of events including the pursuit of incorrect hypotheses and assumptions, innumerable errors and missed opportunities, hard work, the accumulation of knowledge over time, and lucky breaks. The publication of findings (both expected and unexpected) increases our knowledge base, thus adding pieces to the puzzle and aiding in the final solution. However, there is currently a bias to publish only results that are perceived as 'successful'; i.e. results that are positive (showing a significant finding) and/or that fit within the current model for a given research field. Results that are negative (supporting the null hypothesis) or are inconclusive are often not published, leading to a biased (perhaps false) representation in the published literature. Furthermore, results that refute a current paradigm often meet with considerable resistance to publication.

Much can be learned by examining why some ideas fail despite being well thought out and plausible. The publication of well documented contradictory results may highlight fundamental flaws in commonly used and accepted methods, reagents etc. which may ultimately result in improvements in experimental design. The publication of negative or contradicting results may also avoid needlessly replicating fruitless experimental pathways. Alternatively, contradicting results may indicate new and interesting problems to be studied and may even ultimately result in paradigm shifts.

*Corresponding author.

Tel.: +61 7 37357637; fax: +61 7 37355282.

E-mail : editor@phcogcommn.org, I.Cock@griffith.edu.au

DOI: 10.5530/jcrsci.2012.1.2

The Journal of Contradicting Results in Science (JCRSCI) (http://www.jcrsci.org/) has been established by SciBiolMed. Org (http://www.scibiolmed.org) to address the imbalance between the publication of 'positive' and 'contradictory' results. JCRSCI encourages the submission of original research articles resulting in controversial/negative results. By counterbalancing the selective reporting of 'positive' results, JCRSCI aims to foster discussion of controversial, unexpected and negative results and their context within current paradigms.

JCRSCI is a new peer reviewed international journal which will be published annually. The submission of both full length and short papers contradicting previous studies is also encouraged. Manuscripts published in JCRSCI are peer reviewed for publication and are expected to be original and of high quality. The ideas tested in the publications are expected to be well explained and the reason they were tested well justified. Furthermore, to be meaningful, the contradicting results are expected to be explained, along with a discussion of the possible reason(s) why the study did not provide the predicted results and the possible implications of these findings.

The scope of JCRSCI is broad. The journal also publishes contradictory results in the following general disciplines:

- Pharmaceutical, pharmacological and pharmacognostic sciences
- Agricultural sciences
- Conservation and ecology
- Biological sciences including botany, zoology, microbiology, virology, cell biology, developmental biology, molecular biology
- · Chronobiology and evolution
- Chemistry
- Physics and biophysics
- Geology
- Biotechnology
- Genetics and genomics
- · Structural biology and proteomics

JCRSCI publishes empirical, theoretical and methodological manuscripts reporting contradictory findings and negative results which challenge current dogmas. Submissions are expected to focus on results that contradict the established literature.

It is apparent that journals for the publication of contradicting/negative results are needed. JCRSCI aims to help fill this need and it is hoped that readers will support it by submitting their studies contradicting the established literature. Rigorous examination of balanced information (both positive and negative findings) may result in improvements in experimental design, and indicate new and important problems, as well as highlighting pitfalls and research dead ends. Therefore, far from reporting 'unimportant' findings, publication in JCRSCI may help stop researchers replicating redundant or fruitless experiments and in fact accelerate progress.